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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/588,005	08/01/2006	Philippe Perovitch	0603-1003	1374
466 YOUNG & TI	7590 05/10/201 HOMPSON	EXAMINER		
209 Madison S		SASAN, ARADHANA		
Suite 500	e 500 tandria, VA 22314		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Thomas and			1615	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/10/2010	ELECTRONIC

## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

DocketingDept@young-thompson.com

## **Advisory Action** Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)					
10/588,005	PEROVITCH ET AL.					
Examiner	Art Unit					
ARADHANA SASAN	1615					

	ARADHANA SASAN	1615	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 22 April 2010 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APP	LICATION IN CONDITION FOR A	LLOWANCE.	
<ol> <li>M The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following i application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appe for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:</li> </ol>	the same day as filing a Notice of eplies: (1) an amendment, affidavi al (with appeal fee) in compliance	Appeal. To avoid abar t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire te Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or ( MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f)	iter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing  b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	g date of the final rejection	n.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The data have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL.	ension and the corresponding amount hortened statutory period for reply origi	of the fee. The appropria inally set in the final Office	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with AMENDMENTS.	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
	t prior to the data of Elips a brief	ill not be entered be	
<ol> <li>The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, t</li> <li>(a) They raise new issues that would require further cor</li> <li>(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belowed)</li> </ol>	sideration and/or search (see NO v);	TE below);	
(c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in bett appeal; and/or	,		ne issues for
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	orresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	1. See attached Notice of Non-Co	mpliant Amendment (I	PTOL-324).
<ol><li>Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):</li></ol>			
<ol> <li>Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).</li> </ol>	owable if submitted in a separate,	timely filed amendmer	nt canceling the
7. \( \bigcirc \) for purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s); a) I how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:		l be entered and an e	xplanation of
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).</li> </ol>			
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary</li> </ol>	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fail:	s to provide a
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER</li> </ol>	of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attach	ed.
<ol> <li>The request for reconsideration has been considered but See Continuation Sheet.</li> </ol>	does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:
12.  Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s). (13.  Other:	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
/Aradhana Sasan/ Examiner, Art Unit 1615	/Humera N. Sheikh/ Primary Examiner, Art U	Init 1615	

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant's arguments (filed 04/22/2010) have been fully considered but are not persuasive.

Rejection of claims under 35 USC 102(b)

Applicant argues that Pankhania (WO 02/083119 A1) fails to enable one of ordinary skill in the art to make the claimed subject matter without undue experimentation and that while Pankhania mentions buccal administration, they fail to teach or suggest, or enable one to overcome the prior established problems. Applicant argues that the high dosages of ibuprofen used in the Pankhania composition, even when as little as the lowest 50 mg dosage, would recrystallize in the mouth environment and thus encounter problems. This is not persuasive because the composition taught by Pankhania can be retained in the oral cavity and since this composition contains all the structural components of the instant claims, the delivery of the active ingredient across the oral or buccal mucosa (i.e., the passive diffusion of the active ingredient across the buccal mucosa) will necessarily occur. Moreover, claims 1-8, 13-21, and 2-24 do not require a specific dosage of ibuprofen. The low dosage of ibuprofen disclosed by Pankhania anticipates the low dosage recitation.

Applicant argues that like Pankhania, Mitra fails to teach or suggest the buccal administration of a low dosage lipophilic anti-inflammatory or anti-mycotic drug that is passively diffused into buccal and throat mucous membranes, that even the blowest dosage of 50 mg is double the dosage of 25mg recited in claim 9, and that even the 50 mg ibuprofen amount when applied buccally would provide local undesired recystallization. This is not persuasive because both references teach dosage forms that can be retained in the mouth (tablets and lozenges) and Pankhania teaches all the structural components of the composition. The dosage of ibuprofen yielding are in a parameter that one of ordinary skill in the art can modify and the recited dosage is an obvious variant unless there is evidence of critiqity or unexpected results.